

Small Cap Growth Quarter-End Review—2Q2022



Rising interest rates and surging inflation combined to contribute to falling stock and bond prices in the second quarter. The financial market weakness was exacerbated by signs of weakening economic growth and the ongoing war in Ukraine. The S&P 500 declined for the quarter on a total return basis, with the steepest declines coming from the Communication Services, Information Technology, and Consumer Discretionary sectors. The Consumer Staples, Energy, and Utilities sectors posted only slight declines for the quarter. Ten-year U.S. Treasury bond yields surged 0.79% to 3.11%, resulting in another significantly negative quarterly return for fixed income indices.

PERFORMANCE

	Quarter Ending 6/30/2022	Year-to-Date as of 6/30/2022
Institutional Composite (gross)	-13.98%	-22.16%
(net)	-14.08%	-22.36%
Russell 2000 Growth ⁽¹⁾	-19.25%	-29.45%
S&P/Barra Small Cap 600 Growth	-15.62%	-23.65%

⁽¹⁾ Primary benchmark. All other benchmarks are supplemental information.
Sources: Renaissance Research, Bloomberg, FTSE Russell, S&P Dow Jones

SECTOR WEIGHTS & PORTFOLIO CHANGES⁽¹⁾

Sector	Ending Weight ⁽²⁾	Change from 3/31/2022	Small Cap Growth Additions & (Small Cap Growth Deletions) ⁽³⁾
Information Technology	32.4%	+1.4%	Grid Dynamics, EPAM Systems, Paycom Software, Paylocity, SPS Commerce (ChannelAdvisor, MAXIMUS, Napco Security Technologies, Onto Innovation)
Industrials	20.1%	+2.8%	Axon Enterprise, Generac Holdings, The Shyft Group (McGrath RentCorp, The Shyft Group)
Health Care	17.5%	+0.2%	Shockwave Medical (Globus Medical)
Consumer Discretionary	12.7%	-1.5%	(Malibu Boats)
Financials	9.3%	-1.9%	(Cohen & Steers)
Energy	4.3%	+1.7%	Matador Resources
Consumer Staples	2.1%	+0.3%	
Cash	1.0%	0.0%	
Real Estate	0.7%	-0.4%	
Utilities	0.0%	0.0%	
Materials	0.0%	0.0%	
Communication Services	0.0%	-2.5%	(CarGurus)

⁽¹⁾Based on a representative account of the strategy discussed and shown as supplemental information to the GIPS Report. Portfolio characteristics (e.g., sector weights, valuation, growth rate) are based on a representative account that we believe is illustrative of the strategy. Characteristics and/or holdings may not be the same for all accounts invested in the strategy due to factors such as pending trades or account restrictions. Additions/Deletions reflect security transactions completed by the date stated on this presentation, and the securities mentioned may not be held by all accounts invested in the strategy.

⁽²⁾Weights as of the end of the presentation period. Cumulative total weighting may not add up to 100% due to rounding of percentages to the nearest decimal place.

⁽³⁾Any securities referenced should not be considered a recommendation to purchase or sell a particular security. These securities may represent a portion or all of the companies held in a representative account in this strategy as of the date stated and are intended for informational purposes only. Non-performance based criteria have been used to select the securities listed. The past performance of these securities is no guarantee of future results. The specific securities identified and described may not represent all of the securities purchased, sold or recommended for this strategy. The reader should not assume that investments in the securities identified or discussed were or will prove to be profitable. Portfolio holdings may not be current recommendations to buy or sell any security, and may no longer be held in the representative account. To request a complete list of portfolio holdings recommendations for the past year, the calculation methodology, or a list showing the contribution of every holding to the representative account's performance for the time period stated, please contact Renaissance at compliance@reninv.com.

Source: Renaissance Research, FactSet

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CONTRIBUTORS TO RETURN⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Ticker	Company Name	Average Weight ⁽³⁾	Contribution to Return
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TOP FIVE CONTRIBUTORS—SMALL CAP GROWTH

FCN	FTI Consulting	2.41%	0.34%
SWAV	Shockwave Medical	0.84%	0.34%
GDYN	Grid Dynamics	2.31%	0.32%
INST	Instructure	1.66%	0.28%
AXON	Axon Enterprise	1.10%	0.20%

BOTTOM FIVE CONTRIBUTORS—SMALL CAP GROWTH

CARG	CarGurus	1.05%	-1.26%
SITM	SiTime	2.23%	-0.83%
APPS	Digital Turbine	0.90%	-0.79%
AMED	Amedisys	1.54%	-0.73%
BOOT	Boot Barn	2.11%	-0.67%

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⁽²⁾The securities listed should not be considered a recommendation to purchase or sell a particular security. These securities represent the top five and bottom five contributors by weight to the performance of a representative account in this strategy as of the date stated and are intended for informational purposes only. The past performance of these securities is no guarantee of future results. The specific securities identified and described may not represent all of the securities purchased, sold or recommended for this strategy. The reader should not assume that investments in the securities identified or discussed were or will prove to be profitable. Portfolio holdings may not be current recommendations to buy or sell a security and may no longer be held in the representative account. To request a complete list of portfolio holdings recommendations for the past year, the calculation methodology, or a list showing the contribution of every holding to the representative account's performance for the time period stated, please contact Renaissance at compliance@reninv.com.

⁽³⁾Average weights over the presentation period.

Source: Renaissance Research, FactSet

At the end of the second quarter of 2022, the Russell 2000 Growth Index posted its worst second-quarter performance and worst first half-year performance in the history of the index by a large margin (Source: Jefferies). While the Renaissance Small Cap Growth strategy also declined, it outperformed the benchmark for the period after also outperforming in the first quarter of the year. In addition, the Renaissance Small Cap Growth strategy outperformed the S&P/Barra Small Cap 600 Growth Index for the quarter and is ahead of that index on a year-to-date basis. All sectors in the Russell 2000 Growth Index declined during the period. Consumer Staples and Utilities were the top performing sectors, and the worst performing sectors were Communication Services and Real Estate. The relative outperformance of the Renaissance Small Cap Growth Strategy was led by stock selection in Information Technology and Industrials. Stock selection in Communication Services and our underweight position in Consumer Staples detracted the most from relative performance.

FTI Consulting (FCN) contributed the most to portfolio performance during the quarter as the company reported strong results for the first quarter while management plans to continue hiring through the year, indicating confidence in their growth outlook. Moreover, a number of the company's business lines are viewed as recession resistant. These areas include corporate finance and restructuring and forensic and litigation consulting. We see the company as well positioned to continue its steady organic growth under most economic backdrops.

Shockwave Medical (SWAV) was another contributor and was also one of our additions to the portfolio during the quarter. The company has developed a new treatment for calcified cardiovascular



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disease that uses vibration or sound waves to disrupt the tissue and remove the calcification. The company's products have been approved by the FDA and are deemed to offer better performance, efficacy, and safety than competing treatments. The company estimates that the addressable market is \$8.5 billion in which they have only a 5% share today. We see a long runway for growth as the company receives approval in additional geographies and continues to gain market share. **CarGurus** (CARG) detracted the most from performance as the company reported mixed results for the first quarter. While the company continues to add car dealers to its network, declining used car prices hurt its dealer-to-dealer sales, as dealers have been reluctant to take on additional inventory. In addition, the company's operating income guidance for the second quarter was below expectations, as the company is increasing its marketing spend to drive future revenue growth. We exited our position, as fundamentals appeared to deteriorate rapidly since the company's last earnings report in February. Although the company reported strong results for the first quarter and raised its revenue guidance for the year to 50% growth, **SiTime** (SITM) also detracted from performance. The stock was caught up in concerns over an economic slowdown and the impact that it might have on semiconductor demand. We see the company's new product development and continued share gains in fast-growing markets such as data centers and EVs as reasons to remain optimistic on the outlook for the company.

Trading and stock movements during the quarter led to several changes in sector weights. The Industrials, Energy, Information Technology and Health Care sectors all saw their weights increase during the quarter. Conversely, the Communication Services, Financials, Consumer Discretionary, and Real Estate sectors had declining weights.

During the quarter, we added a new position in **Paylocity** (PCTY), a stock we have owned in the past. Paylocity provides cloud-based payroll and human-capital management software. Revenue growth has been more than 30% the last 3 quarters and we expect the company to grow over 20% for years to come. The company's cloud-based solutions continue to take share from large incumbent payroll providers and gain share with employers with 50 or fewer employees. In addition, even if the macro environment softens, Paylocity's products are very sticky with customers and rising interest rates will modestly help revenue and earnings growth. We used the recent downturn in the market to add this high-quality software company back to our holdings. We exited our position in **Cohen & Steers** (CNS), as we see the rising interest rate environment and slowing economic conditions negatively impacting the company's growth.

Although the markets have faced a number of headwinds thus far in 2022, inflation has perhaps been the most problematic. The annual rate of change in the Consumer Price Index was 8.6% in May, its highest reading in 40 years. Importantly, the level of future inflation expectations amongst investors, as measured by the 10-Year Treasury breakeven rate, was significantly lower, implying a consensus belief that the rate of inflation will likely recede over the long term. However, even inflation expectations were in a meaningful uptrend over most of the past quarter.

Perhaps belatedly, the Federal Reserve has become markedly more concerned about inflation over the past several quarters. On June 15, the Fed raised the federal funds rate by 0.75%, its largest increase in 28 years, bringing it to around 1.50%. Fed Chair Jerome Powell highlighted in his comments that the Fed's primary focus is on bringing down inflation in a "clear and convincing" manner over the next few months. The Fed projects the fed funds rate to reach 3.4% in 2022, aligning rates with current market expectations. While this would tighten economic conditions and increase borrowing costs for consumers and corporations, it would also presumably contribute to lowering the rate of inflation to more normal levels.

While a weakening economy would clearly be a negative for equity markets in the short term, successfully reducing the rate of inflation would be a significant long-term positive. It is important to point out that when the Fed announced its unusually large rate increase in June, an action that typically might result in stock market weakness, the S&P 500 actually posted a 1.5% gain for

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the day despite Fed Chairman Powell's comments that he would expect next month's meeting to also result in a 0.50% or 0.75% rate hike. We believe that this is an indication that the markets strongly favor an aggressive monetary stance against inflation. Importantly, the 10-year Treasury breakeven rate, which reflects long-term inflation expectations, dropped 0.37% between the Fed's decision and the end of the quarter.

The National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) defines a recession as "a significant decline in economic activity that is spread across the economy and that lasts more than a few months." By that standard, the U.S. economy is on the cusp of a recession or has already entered one. Actual GDP growth for the first quarter was -1.6%, and estimates for the second quarter, while positive, have been trimmed recently by many economists due to rising inflation and interest rates. The consensus growth estimates for GDP for calendar years 2022 and 2023 have steadily declined over the first half of this year.

While GDP forecasts have been declining, earnings estimates for S&P 500 companies have been trending moderately upward. As of the end of June, consensus estimates for earnings for calendar years 2022 and 2023 are up 2.5% and 2.1% respectively, from the beginning of the year. Rising estimates for corporate earnings in the face of declining estimates for economic growth appear to be contradictory, and we expect earnings growth estimates will be trimmed in the coming months.

All of the market decline thus far in 2022 can be attributed to P/E contraction. While trailing four-quarter earnings for the S&P 500 have increased 21.4% from the levels of last June, the P/E ratio (based on the same earnings) of the S&P has dropped from 26.1x on 6/30/2021 to 19.0x as of 6/30/2022. This 27% decline in P/E over a brief period is extremely unusual, ranking in the lowest 4% of monthly observations since 1955.

We reviewed the performance history of the S&P 500 since 1955, breaking down 12-month periods on the basis of the change in the market P/E over the preceding 12 months. Historically, declines in the market P/E of 20% or more were followed by better-than-average returns over the following 12 months, and a higher percentage of positive returns were posted over the same period.

As noted, the S&P has dropped more than 20% this year in only a six-month period. We reviewed the price performance of the S&P 500 in the post-World War II era (since 1946), looking at every six-month percentage change in S&P 500 price. When the S&P 500 dropped 15% or more over a six-month period, the average returns over the following 6, 12, 24, and 36 months were well above average.

History is an imperfect guide for the future and, clearly, high inflation and rising interest rates present a challenge for the financial markets. However, an objective review of historical market returns can present a disciplined framework for analyzing the risks and opportunities presented in the current investment environment.

DISCLOSURES

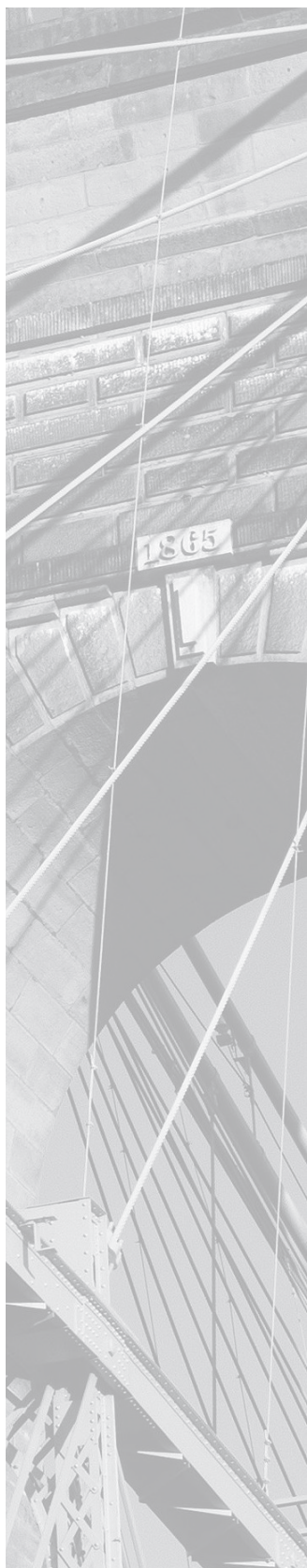
The opinions stated in this presentation are those of Renaissance as of June 30 2022 and are subject to change at any time due to changes in market or economic conditions.

GICS SECTOR INFORMATION

Sector Listing according to S&P Dow Jones data: S&P Dow Jones do not make any express or implied warranties or representations and shall have no liability whatsoever with respect to any GICS data contained herein.

Continued

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PERFORMANCE

If Renaissance or benchmark performance is shown, it represents historically achieved results, and is no guarantee of future performance. All performance is shown in U.S. dollars unless otherwise stated. Future investments may be made under materially different economic conditions, in different securities and using different investment strategies and these differences may have a significant effect on the results portrayed. Each of these material market or economic conditions may or may not be repeated. Therefore, there may be sharp differences between the benchmark or Renaissance performance shown and the actual performance results achieved by any particular client. Benchmark results are shown for comparison purposes only. The benchmark presented represents unmanaged portfolios whose characteristics differ from the composite portfolios; however, they tend to represent the investment environment existing during the time periods shown. The benchmark cannot be invested in directly. The returns of the benchmark do not include any transaction costs, management fees or other costs. The holdings of the client portfolios in our composites may differ significantly from the securities that comprise the benchmark shown. The benchmark has been selected to represent what Renaissance believes is an appropriate benchmark with which to compare the composite performance.

The value of an investment may fall as well as rise. Please note that different types of investments involve varying degrees of risk and there can be no assurance that any specific investment will either be suitable or profitable for a client or prospective client's investment portfolio. Investor principal is not guaranteed and investors may not receive the full amount of their investment at the time of sale if asset values have fallen. No assurance can be given that an investor will not lose invested capital. Consultants supplied with these performance results are advised to use this data in accordance with SEC guidelines. The actual performance achieved by a client portfolio may be affected by a variety of factors, including the initial balance of the account, the timing and amount of any additions to or withdrawals from the portfolio, changes made to the account to reflect the specific investment needs or preferences of the client, durations and timing of participation as a RIM client, and a client portfolio's risk tolerance, investment objectives, and investment time horizon. All investments carry a certain degree of risk, including the loss of principal and are not guaranteed by the U.S. government.

REFERENCED INDICES

(Indices are unmanaged and are not available for direct investment.)

Russell 2000 Growth Index—The Russell 2000 Growth Index is composed of the smallest 2,000 of the 3,000 largest U.S. companies based on total market capitalization with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecast growth values.

S&P/Barra Small Cap 600 Growth Index—The S&P/Barra Small Cap 600 Growth Index is composed of the 300 companies within the overall S&P Small Cap 600 Index that have the highest price-to-book ratios.

S&P 500 Index—The S&P 500 Stock Index is a market capitalization weighted index and consists of 500 stocks chosen for market size, liquidity and industry group representation.

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STOCK REFERENCES

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GIPS Report Small Cap Growth Institutional Composite

Year	Small Cap Growth Institutional Composite		Russell 2000 Growth Benchmark Return	Net Composite 3 Year Annualized Standard Deviation		Benchmark 3 Year Annualized Standard Deviation	Annual Asset Weighted Composite Dispersion	Number of Portfolios In Composite	Market Value of Composite (Millions)	Market Value of Firm's GIPS Assets (Millions)	Market Value of Firm's AUA (Millions)	Market Value of Total Firm AUM (Millions) **
	Gross-of-Fee Return	Net-of-Fee Return										
1996	27.01%	26.26%	11.28%				NMF*	2	\$1.2	\$1,525.4	\$0.0	\$1,525.4
1997	27.68%	26.88%	12.95%				2.13	7	\$3.6	\$1,373.3	\$0.0	\$1,373.3
1998	-12.41%	-12.02%	1.23%				3.37	8	\$5.2	\$1,390.0	\$0.0	\$1,390.0
1999	2.49%	1.85%	43.09%				1.67	6	\$4.7	\$1,211.9	\$0.0	\$1,211.9
2000	9.81%	9.19%	-22.43%				NMF*	5	\$4.3	\$736.7	\$0.0	\$736.7
2001	15.86%	15.26%	-9.23%				NMF*	4	\$6.6	\$526.7	\$0.0	\$526.7
2002	-12.75%	-13.24%	-30.26%				1.21	16	\$8.7	\$415.7	\$0.0	\$415.7
2003	56.14%	55.37%	48.54%				2.04	13	\$53.7	\$575.1	\$10.3	\$585.4
2004	17.29%	16.35%	14.31%				1.03	24	\$77.1	\$908.5	\$38.8	\$947.3
2005	6.31%	5.46%	4.15%				0.74	28	\$215.9	\$2,796.6	\$56.0	\$2,852.6
2006	7.96%	7.15%	13.35%				0.50	28	\$318.6	\$5,450.2	\$565.4	\$6,015.5
2007	-1.12%	-1.89%	7.05%				1.13	19	\$275.2	\$7,661.8	\$1,098.7	\$8,760.5
2008	-42.52%	-43.06%	-38.54%				0.08	8	\$39.9	\$4,358.6	\$766.0	\$5,124.6
2009	19.76%	18.72%	34.47%				NMF*	2	\$1.1	\$4,403.0	\$860.3	\$5,263.3
2010	30.12%	29.16%	29.09%				NMF*	2	\$1.2	\$3,800.2	\$833.4	\$4,633.6
2011	0.03%	-0.72%	-2.91%	22.86%	24.31%		NMF*	2	\$1.0	\$2,862.3	\$836.1	\$3,698.4
2012	15.38%	14.48%	14.59%	21.15%	20.72%		NMF*	1	\$1.1	\$2,409.8	\$969.9	\$3,379.7
2013	57.63%	56.42%	43.30%	17.61%	17.27%		NMF*	1	\$1.5	\$2,767.7	\$1,190.3	\$3,958.0
2014	7.78%	6.96%	5.60%	13.98%	13.82%		NMF*	3	\$1.5	\$2,986.2	\$1,347.8	\$4,334.0
2015	5.10%	4.47%	-1.38%	14.56%	14.95%		NMF*	5	\$1.7	\$2,703.8	\$1,534.0	\$4,237.8
2016	13.04%	12.66%	11.32%	14.44%	16.67%		NMF*	7	\$0.7	\$1,762.0	\$2,686.1	\$4,448.1
2017	28.25%	27.91%	22.17%	12.74%	14.59%		NMF*	3	\$0.9	\$2,202.4	\$3,281.7	\$5,484.1
2018	-6.96%	-7.12%	-9.31%	15.60%	16.46%		NMF*	5	\$1.6	\$1,682.2	\$2,517.0	\$4,199.2
2019	23.63%	23.30%	28.48%	17.36%	16.37%		0.22	15	\$7.3	\$883.1	\$2,656.5	\$3,539.6
2020	27.83%	27.28%	34.63%	25.60%	25.10%		1.72	18	\$12.9	\$879.0	\$2,177.1	\$3,056.1
2021	34.31%	33.69%	2.83%	22.79%	23.07%		0.78	30	\$38.7	\$977.0	\$2,128.6	\$3,105.6
FINAL 12/31/2021												

* Not meaningful figure due to five or fewer accounts invested for the entire year.

** Renaissance Total Firm assets under management include Non-Discretionary Assets (UMA Programs), for which Renaissance does not have trading authority. The Non-discretionary management of UMA Sponsor accounts consists of Renaissance providing the UMA Sponsor with changes to each participating Renaissance model portfolio on an ongoing basis.

Renaissance Investment Management (RIM) claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. RIM has been independently verified for the periods from January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2021.

A firm that claims compliance with the GIPS standards must establish policies and procedures for complying with all the applicable requirements of the GIPS standards. Verification provides assurance on whether the firm's policies and procedures related to composite maintenance, as well as calculation, presentation, and distribution of performance, have been designed in compliance with the GIPS standards and have been implemented on a firm-wide basis. The Small Cap Institutional Composite has had a performance examination for the periods January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2021. The verification and performance examination reports are available upon request.

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Firm Definition: The Renaissance Group LLC, which does business as Renaissance Investment Management (RIM), is a registered investment advisor established in 1978, with an office in Covington, KY. RIM is an affiliate of Affiliated Managers Group based in West Palm Beach, FL. RIM manages equity, tactical, balanced, and fixed income assets for a variety of clients including high net worth, institutional and sub-advisory relationships. A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Composite Composition: The Small Cap Growth Institutional Composite (inception date: 1/1/1996) portfolios consist of approximately 50-60 mainly small cap domestic equities, which focus on companies demonstrating financial strength, attractive growth potential, rising earnings expectations and attractive valuation. The Small Cap Growth Institutional Composite, created on January 31, 2001, includes all fee-paying, non-wrap Small Cap Growth accounts. As of January 1, 2021, the composite was redefined to also include tax managed accounts which were previously excluded. The composite does not include non-fee-paying managed accounts. RIM will add new fully discretionary portfolios to the composite at the first full month under management. RIM will exclude terminated portfolios from the composite after the last full month they were under management. Composite dispersion is measured using an asset-weighted standard deviation of gross returns of the portfolios.

Calculation of Performance Returns: Performance is calculated using total returns. Monthly composite performance is asset-weighted using beginning-of-period values. Rates of return are time-weighted with geometric linking of monthly returns. Valuations and returns are computed and stated in U.S. dollars. Account performance is based on total assets in the account, including cash and cash equivalents. Performance is actual performance.

RIM has chosen to present performance for gross- and net-of-fees. The gross-of-fees performance returns are presented before deductions of management and custodial fees but after the deduction of all trading expenses. Net performance is reported after the deduction of all trading costs and actual RIM management fees. These gross- and net-of-fee investment results for the Renaissance Small Cap Growth Institutional Composite include reinvestment of dividends and other earnings. Clients' returns will be reduced by the advisory fee and any other expenses that may be incurred in the management of the client's investment advisory account. For example, if the gross annualized return of an account over a five-year period were 5.0%, deducting one twelfth of an annual advisory fee of 90 basis points each month on the ending monthly account balance would produce a cumulative net return of 22.7%. The cumulative gross return at 5.0% per annum over a five-year period would be 28.3%. A \$1 million starting portfolio would thus have an ending net market value of \$1,227,096, \$56,262 less than the gross return ending value of \$1,283,359. There is no minimum asset size for inclusion in the composite. RIM uses trade date accounting and income is accrued. Actual performance may differ from composite returns, depending on the size of the account, brokerage commissions, investment guidelines and/or restrictions, inception date and other factors. After-tax results will vary from the returns

presented herein for those accounts that are subject to taxation. Policies for valuing investments, calculating performance, and preparing GIPS Reports are available upon request.

Standard Deviation: The three-year annualized standard deviation measures the variability of the composite and the benchmark returns over the preceding 36-month period. According to the GIPS Standards, this is not required for periods prior to 2011.

Investment Management Fees: RIM's fees are based on account size. The standard RIM fee schedule for the Small Cap Growth Strategy for direct-managed accounts is as follows: All amounts - 1.00%. Investment advisory fees are described in Part 2A of RIM's Form ADV.

Benchmark: The Russell 2000 Growth Index is composed of the smallest 2,000 of the 3,000 largest U.S. companies based on total market capitalization with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecast growth values. The Russell index names are registered trademarks of FTSE Russell. RIM compares its composite returns to a variety of market indices such as the Russell 2000 Growth. This index is shown for comparison purposes only. We are not trying to explicitly manage to this benchmark. This index represents unmanaged portfolios whose characteristics differ from the composite portfolios; however, they tend to represent the investment environment existing during the time periods shown. The index cannot be invested in directly. The returns of the index do not include any transaction costs, management fees or other costs. The holdings of the client portfolios in our composites may differ significantly from the securities that comprise the index shown. The index has been selected to represent what RIM believes is an appropriate benchmark with which to compare the composite performance.

Other: Performance data quoted in any Renaissance presentation represents historically achieved results and is no guarantee of future performance. Future investments may be made under materially different economic conditions, in different securities and using different investment strategies and these differences may have a significant effect on the results portrayed. Each of these material market or economic conditions may or may not be repeated. Therefore, there may be sharp differences between the performance shown and the actual performance results achieved by any particular client. The value of an investment may fall as well as rise. Please note that different types of investments involve varying degrees of risk and there can be no assurance that any specific investment will either be suitable or profitable for a client or prospective client's investment portfolio. Investor principal is not guaranteed, and investors may not receive the full amount of their investment at the time of sale if asset values have fallen. No assurance can be given that an investor will not lose invested capital. Consultants supplied with these performance results are advised to use this data in accordance with SEC guidelines. The actual performance achieved by a client portfolio may be affected by a variety of factors, including the initial balance of the account, the timing and amount of any additions to or withdrawals from the portfolio, changes made to the account to reflect the specific investment needs or preferences of the client, duration, and timing of participation as a RIM client, and a client portfolio's risk tolerance, investment objectives, and investment time horizon. All investments carry a certain degree of risk, including loss of principal and are not guaranteed by the U.S. government.

Risks of Small Cap Growth Strategy: Small Cap Growth Institutional Composite returns may show a high level of variability. In addition to market risk, the majority of any additional risk in these portfolios is related to specific stock selection, and RIM will have significant exposure to individual securities.

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